# Seismic Technical Guide

#### Logix<sup>™</sup> Systems

#### Code Requirements<sup>1</sup>

The International Building Code (IBC) defines the seismic requirements for suspended ceiling systems. Generally, these requirements must be defined in the project drawings. However, there are exceptions and the actual construction of Logix suspended ceiling system in a seismic design category can meet code requirements in different ways. This technical guide provides drawings, details, and specification information for the use of USG<sup>®</sup> Logix<sup>™</sup> in a seismic application.

With Logix<sup>™</sup>, you can design ceilings that meet building requirements without being constrained by the limits of traditional acoustical ceilings. Logix transforms visual distractions such as lighting, air vents and other utilities into dramatic design elements by concentrating these fixtures on narrow bands that run the length of a ceiling. This allows for open ceilings that are uncluttered by ceiling utilities.

A wide selection of acoustical and specialty panels as well as corresponding suspension system components and accessories are available to enhance and customize your design. Plus, with a wide selection of LOGIX partners, you can be assured that ceiling utilities will complement your design and integrate seamlessly into the ceiling.

This guide is a comprehensive resource for LOGIX Integrated Ceiling Systems in a seismic application. There are generally no unique seismic requirements for LOGIX Systems, however, due to some of the non-traditional module sizes, special attention is required to ensure all seismic requirements are satisfied. USG teamed with the Pacific Earthquake Engineering Research Center (PEER) University of California, Berkeley to conduct full-scale dynamic seismic shake-table testing to evaluate and qualify the seismic performance of LOGIX Integrated Ceiling Systems. This testing proved that LOGIX Integrated Ceiling Systems are approved for use and provide a code-compliant solution meeting International Building Code (IBC) requirements, including installations in all seismic design categories.

USG Logix<sup>™</sup> Integrated Ceiling Sysem



<sup>1</sup> See last page for Seismic Code Reference Standards



#### Seismic Construction

Seismic Construction Application Components

In addition to the current seismic code requirements<sup>1</sup> the applications in the following section shall apply to LOGIX systems concerning perimeter treatment, ashlar connections, and planks and large size panels<sup>2</sup>.



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<sup>1</sup>Please refer to seismicceilings.com for current seismic requirements.

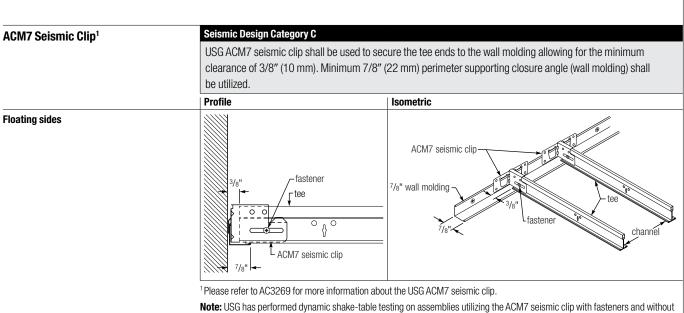
<sup>2</sup>Please refer to IS265 for complete information about the various layouts and sizes available.

<sup>3</sup> Please refer to IC592 for more information about the accessible stabilizer bar for Logix

#### Note:

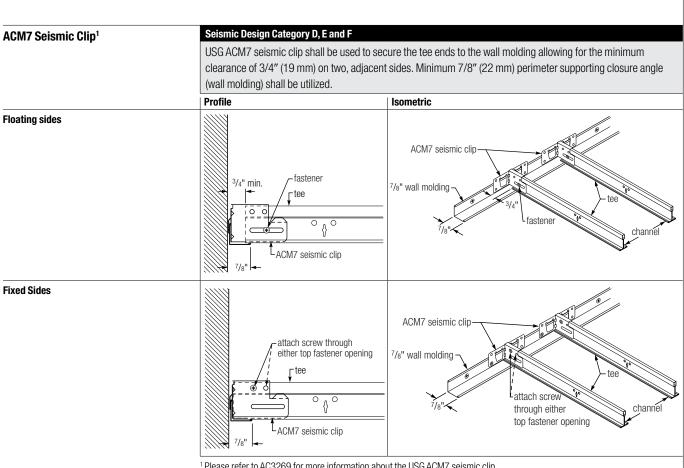
The performance of LOGIX Integrated Ceiling Systems is based on the specific combination of superior components including our quick release cross tee clip, and the design and installation methods shown. Suspension system components from other manufacturers were not evaluated, and their use or any mixed use is not recommended or covered by this guide.

### Perimeter Treatment



fasteners relying on the friction fit mechanisms of the clip. Both methods passed and are approved for use.

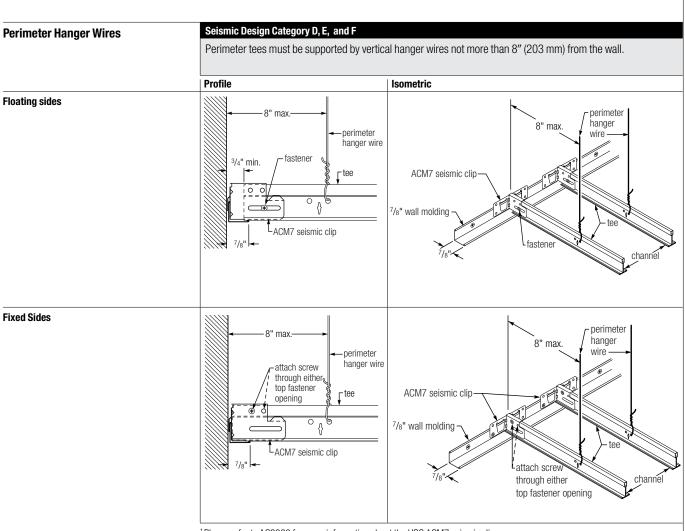
#### Perimeter Treatment



<sup>1</sup> Please refer to AC3269 for more information about the USG ACM7 seismic clip.

Note: USG has performed dynamic shake-table testing on assemblies utilizing the ACM7 seismic clip with fasteners and without fasteners relying on the friction fit mechanisms of the clip. Both methods passed and are approved for use.

### Perimeter Treatment



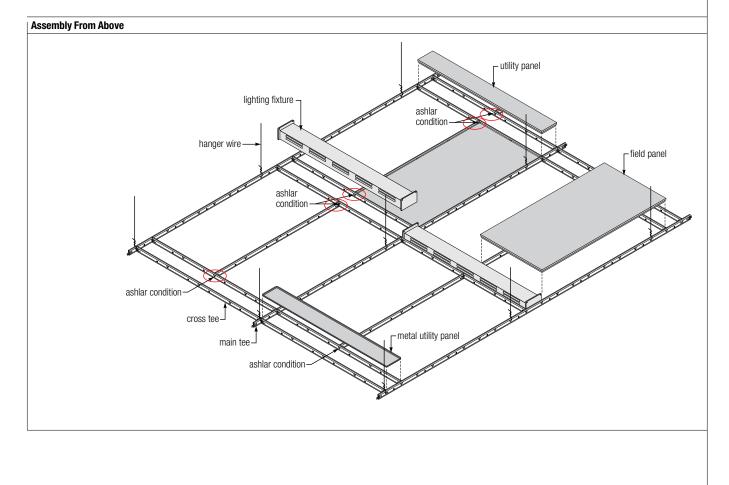
<sup>1</sup>Please refer to AC3269 for more information about the USG ACM7 seismic clip.

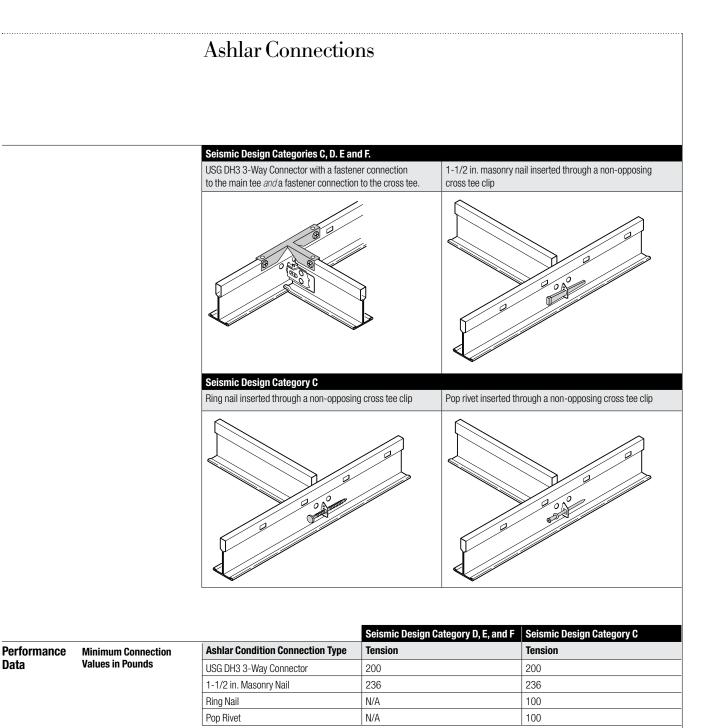
**Note:** USG has performed dynamic shake-table testing on assemblies utilizing the ACM7 seismic clip with fasteners and without fasteners relying on the friction fit mechanisms of the clip. Both methods passed and are approved for use.

### Ashlar Connections

#### Guidelines

- USG DH3 3-Way Connector with a fastener connection to the main tee and a fastener connection to the cross tee is acceptable for use in ashlar installations in seismic design categories C, D, E and F.
- 1-1/2 in. masonry nail inserted through a non-opposing cross tee clip is acceptable for use in ashlar installations in seismic design categories C, D, E and F.
- Ring nail inserted through a non-opposing cross tee clip is acceptable for use in ashlar installations in seismic design category C.
- Pop rivet inserted through a non-opposing cross tee clip is acceptable for use in ashlar installations in seismic design category C.
- In conditions where a non-opposing cross tee clip must be cut to accommodate a light fixture or other building element, the USG DH3 3-Way Connector with a fastener connection to the main tee and a fastener connection to the cross tee is acceptable for use in ashlar installations in seismic design categories C, D, E and F.
- Hanger wire inserted through a non opposing cross tee clip is not recommended for use in ashlar installations in seismic design categories C, D, E and F.
- Bending or folding a non-opposing cross tee clip is not recommended.

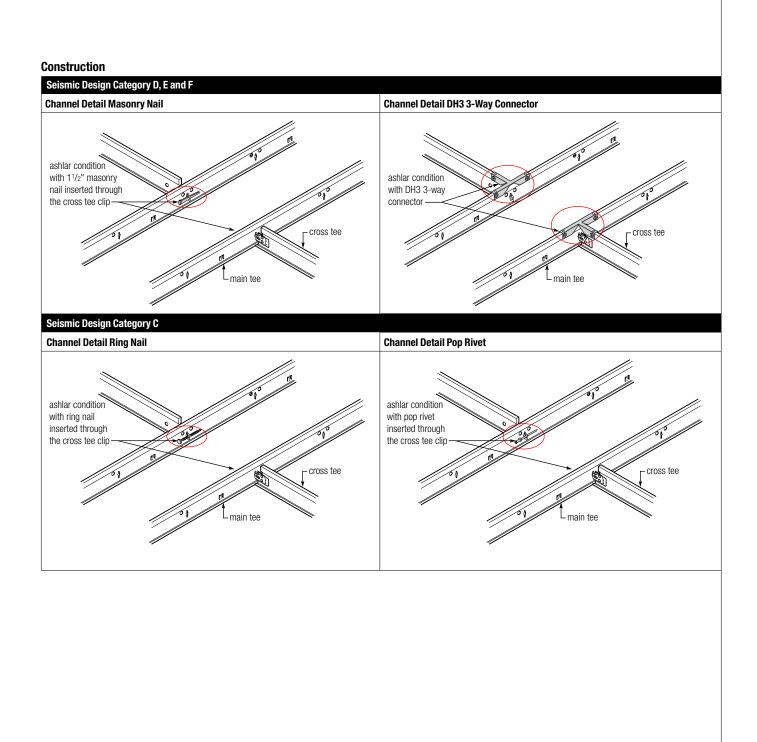




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Note: The performance of DONN suspension systems is based on the specific combination of superior components including our quick release cross tee clip, and the design and installation methods shown. Suspension system components from other manufacturers were not evaluated, and their use or any mixed use is not recommended or covered by this guide.

### Ashlar Conditions

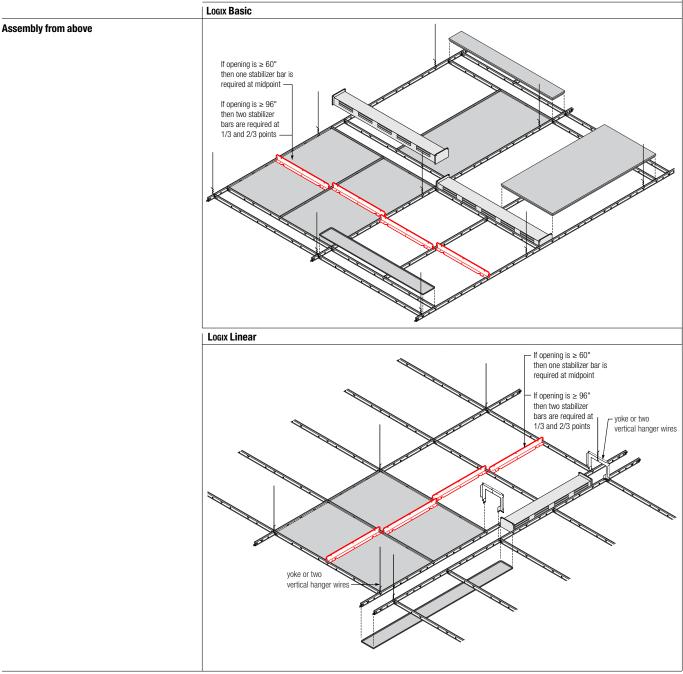


### Plank and Large Sized Panels



The USG DONN<sup>®</sup> Brand Accessible Stabilizer Bar provides rigid support for a ceiling suspension system in plank and large panel ceilings such as the USG LOGIX Integrated Ceiling System. Plank and large panel ceiling systems have created the need for secondary lateral stabilization of the suspension system members to ensure system integrity. A stabilizer bar is required for all module sizes 60" and larger.

Note: For more information about stabilizer bars please refer to IC592.



### Seismic Code Reference Standards

	Installation Guidelines for Suspended Ceilings				
International Building Code (IBC)	2003 IBC	2006 IBC	2009 IBC	2012 IBC	
	•	•	•	•	
American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCI	ASCE7-02	ASCE7-05	ASCE7-05	ASCE7-10	
	-	-	-	-	
Ceilings Interior Systems Construction	CISCA Zones 0-2	CISCA Zones 0-2	CISCA Zones 0-2	ASTM E580	
Association (CISCA)	CISCA Zones 3-4	CISCA Zones 3-4	CISCA Zones 3-4		
or ASTM International (ASTM)					
	International Building Co www.iccsafe.org	<b>de (IBC)</b> defines Seismic De	esign Categories A, B, C, D, E,	and F.	
		sign Loads for Buildings a gineers/Structural Engineer			
	<b>Recommendations for Di</b>	•	uspended Ceiling Assemb and Lay-in Panel Ceilings ion (CISCA)	· /	
			for Installation of Ceiling	• •	
Further References	ASTM International (formerl www.astm.org	American Society for Testir	ect to Earthquate Ground g and Materials)	Motions.	
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