

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

| Product identifier | CGC Synko® Brand Lite Finish Drywall Compound | |
|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Other means of identification | | |
| SDS number | 61001010013 | |
| Synonyms | Joint Compound (Ready-Mixed), Taping Compound, Mud, Finishing Compound | |
| Recommended use | Interior use. | |
| Recommended restrictions | Use in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. | |
| Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/ | Distributor information | |
| Company name | CGC Inc. | |
| Address | 350 Burnhamthorpe Road West, 5th Floor | |
| | Mississauga, Ontario L5B 3J1 | |
| | A Subsidiary of USG Corporation | |
| Telephone | 1-800-387-2690 | |
| Website | www.cgcinc.com | |
| Emergency phone number | 1-800-507-8899 | |
| 2. Hazard(s) identification | | |
| Physical hazards | Not classified. | |
| Health hazards | Not classified. | |
| Environmental hazards | Not classified. | |
| Label elements | | |
| Hazard symbol | None. | |
| Signal word | None. | |
| Hazard statement | None. | |
| Precautionary statements | | |
| Prevention | Observe good industrial hygiene practices. | |
| Response | Get medical attention/advice if you feel unwell. | |
| Storage | Store as indicated in Section 7. | |
| Disposal | Dispose of in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. | |
| Other hazards | None known. | |
| Supplemental information | Not applicable. | |
| | | |

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | CAS number | % |
|---------------|------------|------|
| Perlite | 93763-70-3 | < 10 |
| Attapulgite | 12174-11-7 | < 5 |
| Kaolin | 1332-58-7 | < 5 |

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas.

Industrial hygiene studies by USG Corporation and governmental agencies did not detect airborne respirable crystalline silica above OSHA permissible exposure limits (PELs) during activities associated with the normal use of this product, though in some cases total dust PELs were exceeded. However, job site air monitoring should be conducted to determine actual exposure when PELs may be exceeded.

4. First-aid measures

| Inhalation | Dust irritates the respiratory system, and may cause coughing and difficulties in breathing. Move injured person into fresh air and keep person calm under observation. Get medical attention if symptoms persist. |
|--|--|
| Skin contact | Contact with dust: Rinse area with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. |
| Eye contact | Dust in the eyes: Do not rub eyes. Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance. |
| Ingestion | Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a risk to health. Dust may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing. |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. |
| General information | Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved. |
| 5. Fire-fighting measures | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials. |

Not applicable. Unsuitable extinguishing media Specific hazards arising from Not a fire hazard. the chemical Special protective equipment Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in and precautions for firefighters case of fire. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. **Fire fighting** equipment/instructions **Specific methods** Cool material exposed to heat with water spray and remove it if no risk is involved. General fire hazards No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment. |
|---|---|
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Large Spills: Scoop spilled materials and recover as much of the product as possible for use. If spillage is unrecoverable dispose according to local, provincial, and federal regulations. |
| | Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. |
| Environmental precautions | Avoid discharge to drains, sewers, and other water systems. |
| 7. Handling and storage | |
| Precautions for safe handling | Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Minimise dust generation and accumulation. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Use proper lifting techniques. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Store in a closed container away from incompatible materials. Protect from moisture. Keep away from heat. Do not use if material has spoiled, i.e., there is a mouldy appearance or an unpleasant odour. Keep containers closed when not in use. |
| | Filled cartons and pails of joint compound may be stacked a maximum of 3 layers high on a pallet. Pallets may only be stacked a maximum of two high. |

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
|------------------------|------|---------|----------------------|
| Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) | TWA | 2 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
|---|---|---|--|
| Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) | TWA | 2 mg/m3 | Respirable. |
| Canada. British Columbia Safety Regulation 296/97, a | DELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits is amended) | s for Chemical Substances, C | occupational Health and |
| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
| Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) | TWA | 2 mg/m3 | Respirable. |
| Canada. Manitoba OELs (R | eg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety | And Health Act) | |
| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
| Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) | TWA | 2 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |
| Canada. Ontario OELs. (Co | ntrol of Exposure to Biological or Ch | nemical Agents) | |
| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
| Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) | TWA | 2 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |
| Perlite (CAS 93763-70-3) | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | |
| Canada. Quebec OELs. (Mi | nistry of Labour - Regulation Respec | ting the Quality of the Work | Environment) |
| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
| Attapulgite (CAS 12174-11-7) | TWA | 1 fibers/cm3 | Fiber. |
| Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Respirable dust. |
| logical limit values | No biological exposure limits noted f | or the ingredient(s). | |
| propriate engineering trols | Provide sufficient ventilation for oper exposure limits and minimise the risl | | Observe occupational |
| ividual protection measures Eye/face protection | s, such as personal protective equipn Wear approved safety goggles. | nent | |
| Skin protection | | | |
| Hand protection | It is a good industrial hygiene practice to minimise skin contact. For prolonged or repeated skin contact use suitable protective gloves. | | |
| Other | Normal work clothing (long sleeved shirts and long pants) is recommended. | | |
| Respiratory protection | If engineering controls do not mainta limits (where applicable) or to an acc been established), an approved resp purifying respirator as needed to cor determine respirator selection, use, a for uncontrolled releases or when air respirator protection program require use. | ceptable level (in countries whe birator must be worn. Use a NIC htrol exposure. Consult with res and limitations. Use positive pre- r purifying respirator limitations | re exposure limits have no OSH/MSHA approved air pirator manufacturer to assure air supplied respira may be exceeded. Follow |
| Thermal hazards | None. | | |
| neral hygiene siderations | Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment separately from regular wash. Observe any medical surveillance requirements. | | |

Appearance

| Appearance | |
|---|------------------|
| Physical state | Semi-solid. |
| Form | Paste. |
| Colour | Off-white. |
| Odour | Low to no odour. |
| Odour threshold | Not applicable. |
| рН | 7.5 - 10 |
| Melting point/freezing point | Not applicable. |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | Not applicable. |
| 0 | |
| Flash point | Not applicable. |

CGC Synko® Brand Lite Finish Drywall Compound

| Evaporation rate | Not applicable. |
|--|-------------------|
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not applicable. |
| Upper/lower flammability or exp | losive limits |
| Flammability limit - lower (%) | Not applicable. |
| Flammability limit - upper (%) | Not applicable. |
| Explosive limit - lower (%) | Not applicable. |
| Explosive limit – upper (%) | Not applicable. |
| Vapour pressure | Not applicable. |
| Vapour density | Not applicable. |
| Relative density | 1.1 - 1.4 (H2O=1) |
| Solubility(ies) | |
| Solubility (water) | Soluble in water. |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) | Not applicable. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not applicable. |
| Decomposition temperature | Not applicable. |
| Viscosity | Not applicable. |
| Other information | |
| Bulk density | 1.1 - 1.4 kg/l |
| VOC (Weight %) | 2 g/l |
| | |

10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Chemical stability | Material is stable under normal conditions. | |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. | |
| Conditions to avoid | None known. | |
| Incompatible materials | None known. | |
| Hazardous decomposition products | Above 800°C (1472°F) limestone (CaCO3) can decompose to lime (CaO) and release carbon dioxide (CO2). | |

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

| Inhalation | Airborne dust may irritate throat and upper respiratory system causing coughing. |
|--|--|
| Skin contact | May cause allergic skin reactions especially in individuals with pre-existing skin disease such as eczema. (See Section 16). |
| Eye contact | Airborne dust may cause mechanical eye irritation. |
| Ingestion | May cause discomfort if swallowed. |
| Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics | Dust may irritate eyes and mucous membranes of the nose, throat and upper respiratory system causing sneezing and/or coughing. |

Information on toxicological effects

| Acute toxicity | Not expected to be a hazard under normal conditions of intended use. |
|----------------|--|
| | |

| Species | Test results |
|---------|-------------------|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| Rat | > 5000 mg/kg |
| | |
| Rat | > 2 mg/l, 4 Hours |
| | Rat |

| Components | Species | Test results |
|---|---|---|
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | > 5000 mg/kg |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying, cracking, or irritation. | |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Direct contact with eyes may | cause temporary irritation. |
| Respiratory or skin sensitisatio | n | |
| Respiratory sensitisation | Not a respiratory sensitiser. | |
| Skin sensitisation | | amount of sensitising substance which may provoke an allergic viduals after repeated contact. section 16. |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | Data does not suggest that th mutagenic or genotoxic. | nis product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are |
| Carcinogenicity | This product is not expected | to increase the risk of cancer. |
| ACGIH Carcinogens | | |
| Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) Canada - Manitoba OELs: c | arcinogenicity | A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. |
| KAOLIN, RESPIRABLE I Canada - Quebec OELs: Ca | FRACTION (CAS 1332-58-7) rcinogen category | Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. |
| Attapulgite (CAS 12174- IARC Monographs. Overall | 11-7) Evaluation of Carcinogenicity | Detected carcinogenic effect in humans. |
| Attapulgite (CAS 12174- | 11-7) | 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. |
| Reproductive toxicity | Not expected to be a reprodu | ctive hazard. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | No data available, but none e | expected. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | Not classified. | |
| Aspiration hazard | Not an aspiration hazard. | |
| Chronic effects | Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. For detailed information, see section 16. | |
| Further information | No additional adverse health effects noted. | |
| 12. Ecological information | ı | |
| Ecotoxicity | | as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the ent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment. |
| Components | Species | Test results |
| Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) | | |
| Aquatic | | |
| Acute | | |
| Crustacea | LC50 Daphnia mag | na > 1.1 g/l, 48 Hours |
| Persistence and degradability | No data available. | |
| Bioaccumulative potential | Bioaccumulation is not expected. | |

Other adverse effectsNone expected.13. Disposal considerations

Mobility in soil

| • | |
|--|---|
| Disposal instructions | Dispose of in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. Recycle responsibly. |
| Local disposal regulations | Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. |
| Hazardous waste code | Not regulated. |
| Waste from residues / unused products | Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. |
| Contaminated packaging | Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. |

No data available.

14. Transport information

TDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

International regulations

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

16. Other information

| Issue date | 20-January-2016 |
|---------------------|--|
| Revision date | 20-January-2016 |
| Version No. | 02 |
| Further information | Attapulgite: Carcinogenic to experimental animals via a route of exposure not relevant to human exposure per ACGIH. |
| | Skin Sensitization Potential: This product contains an amount of Triazinetriethanol (THT) (CAS No. 4719-04-4) that is within the approved EPA regulated limits. THT can act as a sensitizer. |

4719-04-4) that is within the approved EPA regulated limits. THT can act as a sensitizer. Numerous human studies with concentrations up to 1% yielded negative (no sensitization) results. However, some results showed positive reactions in concentrations <0.5% mostly in persons with eczema.

Crystalline silica: Raw materials in this product contain respirable crystalline silica as an impurity. Exposures to respirable crystalline silica are not expected during the normal use of this product. However, actual levels must be determined by workplace hygiene testing. Prolonged and repeated exposure to airborne free respirable crystalline silica can result in lung disease (i.e., silicosis) and/or lung cancer.

Bucket NFPA Classification: Health: 0 Flammability: 1 Physical hazard: 0

Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

NFPA ratings

NFPA ratings

Health: 1 Flammability: 0 Instability: 0



| List of abbreviations | ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. NFPA: National Fire Protection Association. RTECS: Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances. |
|-----------------------|---|
| References | Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity Torben et al. (2001). Environmental and Health Assessment of Substances in Household Detergents and Cosmetic Products. |
| Disclaimer | This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment. |