



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier CGC Synko® Brand T.I.P.S.™ Primer Sealer
Other means of identification
SDS number 48001010015
Synonyms Primer, coating
Recommended use Interior use.
Recommended restrictions Use in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company name CGC Inc.
Address 350 Burnhamthorpe Road West, 5th Floor
Mississauga, Ontario L5B 3J1
A Subsidiary of USG Corporation
Telephone 1-800-387-2690
Website www.cgcinc.com
Emergency phone number 1-800-507-8899

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.
Health hazards Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Specific target organ toxicity following repeated exposure Category 2
Environmental hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger
Hazard statement May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe mist or vapour. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage Store locked up.
Disposal Dispose of in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations.

Other hazards None known.
Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	< 20
Kaolin	1332-58-7	< 10
Diatomite	68855-54-9	< 5

Impurities	CAS number	%
Cristobalite	14464-46-1	< 5

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas.

Raw materials in this product contain respirable crystalline silica (cristobalite) as naturally occurring impurities. Since this product is a liquid slurry, the risk of inhaling particles is not expected during the recommended use of this product.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Exposure to mists may cause temporary irritation to eyes, skin, nose, throat, and upper respiratory tract. Move injured person into fresh air and keep person calm under observation. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.

Skin contact

Rinse area with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Eye contact

Do not rub eyes. Flush thoroughly with water. If burning, redness, itching, pain, or other symptoms develop or persist get medical attention.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a risk to health.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

General information

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Not applicable.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Not a fire hazard.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Specific methods

Cool material exposed to heat with water spray and remove it if no risk is involved.

General fire hazards

No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Prevent entry into confined areas or water systems. Dilute with water and mop or wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Dispose of waste according to local regulations.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge to drains, sewers, and other water systems.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Minimize exposure to mists. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Use proper lifting techniques.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry place. Store in a closed container away from incompatible materials. Protect from moisture. Keep away from heat. Do not use if material has spoiled, i.e., there is a mouldy appearance or an unpleasant odour. Keep containers closed when not in use.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	2 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m ³	

Impurities	Type	Value	Form
Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)	TWA	0.025 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	2 mg/m ³	Respirable.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m ³	

Impurities	Type	Value	Form
Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)	TWA	0.025 mg/m ³	Respirable particles.
		0.025 mg/m ³	Respirable.

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	2 mg/m ³	Respirable.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	3 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.

Impurities	Type	Value	Form
		10 mg/m ³	Total dust.
Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)	TWA	0.025 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	2 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m ³	

Impurities	Type	Value	Form
Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)	TWA	0.025 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	2 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m ³	

Impurities	Type	Value	Form
Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m ³	Respirable.

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labour - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Respirable dust.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m ³	Total dust.

Impurities	Type	Value	Form
Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m ³	Total dust.

Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide sufficient ventilation for operations causing dust formation. Observe occupational exposure limits and minimise the risk of exposure.
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	
Eye/face protection	Wear approved safety goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	It is a good industrial hygiene practice to minimise skin contact. For prolonged or repeated skin contact use suitable protective gloves.
Other	Normal work clothing (long sleeved shirts and long pants) is recommended.
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator as needed to control exposure. Consult with respirator manufacturer to determine respirator selection, use, and limitations. Use positive pressure air supplied respirator for uncontrolled releases or when air purifying respirator limitations may be exceeded. Follow respirator protection program requirements (OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2) for all respirator use. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.
Thermal hazards	None.
General hygiene considerations	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Slurry.
Colour	Off-white.

Odour Low to no odour.

Odour threshold Not applicable.

pH 7.5 - 9.9

Melting point/freezing point Not applicable.

Initial boiling point and boiling range Not applicable.

Flash point Not applicable.

Evaporation rate Not applicable.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%) Not applicable.

Flammability limit - upper (%) Not applicable.

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not applicable.

Explosive limit – upper (%) Not applicable.

Vapour pressure Not applicable.

Vapour density Not applicable.

Relative density 1.3 - 1.5 (H₂O=1)

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Soluble in water.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature Not applicable.

Decomposition temperature Not applicable.

Viscosity Not applicable.

Other information

Bulk density	1.3 - 1.5 kg/l
VOC (Weight %)	68.8 g/l (Calculated by EPA Method 24)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	None known.
Incompatible materials	None known.
Hazardous decomposition products	Above 800°C (1472°F) limestone (CaCO ₃) can decompose to lime (CaO) and release carbon dioxide (CO ₂).

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Inhalation of mist may cause irritation to throat and or nasal passages.
Skin contact	The product contains a small amount of sensitising substance which may provoke an allergic reaction among sensitive individuals in contact with skin.
Eye contact	Direct contact with airborne particulates may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause irritation and stomach discomfort.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Skin irritation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Neither inhalation nor skin contact contribute to acute toxicity of the substance or mixture. However, may cause discomfort if swallowed.

Components	Species	Test results
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	> 2 mg/l, 4 Hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying, cracking, or irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Canada - Alberta OELs: Irritant

Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)	Irritant
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	Irritant

Respiratory sensitisation Not a respiratory sensitiser.

Skin sensitisation The product contains a small amount of sensitising substance which may provoke an allergic reaction among sensitive individuals after repeated contact. For detailed information, see section 16.

Germ cell mutagenicity Data does not suggest that this product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

Titanium Dioxide is listed by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B). This listing is based on inadequate evidence of carcinogenicity in humans and sufficient evidence in experimental animals.

ACGIH Carcinogens

Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)

A2 Suspected human carcinogen.

Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)

A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Canada - Alberta OELs: Carcinogen category

Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)

Suspected human carcinogen.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity

KAOLIN, RESPIRABLE FRACTION (CAS 1332-58-7)

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

SILICA, CRYSTALLINE-CRISTOBALITE, RESPIRABLE FRACTION (CAS 14464-46-1)

Suspected human carcinogen.

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Canada - Quebec OELs: Carcinogen category

Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)

Detected carcinogenic effect in animals.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)

1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Diatomite (CAS 68855-54-9)

3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

Reproductive toxicity

Not expected to be a reproductive hazard.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available, but none expected.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects

See section 16.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components

Species

Test results

Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)

Aquatic

Acute

Crustacea

LC50

Daphnia magna

> 1.1 g/l, 48 Hours

Persistence and degradability

Not applicable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is not expected.

Mobility in soil

No data available.

Other adverse effects

None expected.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions

Dispose of in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. Recycle responsibly.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous waste code

Not regulated.

Waste from residues / unused products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

14. Transport information

TDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

International regulations

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

16. Other information

Issue date

18-February-2016

Revision date

18-February-2016

Version No.

02

Further information

Crystalline silica (cristobalite): Since this product is a liquid slurry, the risk of inhaling particles is not expected during the recommended use of this product. However, this product contains crystalline silica. Prolonged and repeated exposures to airborne free respirable crystalline silica can result in lung silicosis and/or lung cancer.

Titanium dioxide: In lifetime inhalation studies of experimental rats, airborne nano-sized (15-40 nanometer particle size range) particles caused lung tissue overload, chronic inflammation and subsequent tumor formation. Because of these study results, titanium dioxide was classified by IARC as a 2B (possibly carcinogenic to humans). However, other laboratory animals such as mice and hamsters did not develop lung tumors under similar testing conditions. Furthermore, results of two major human epidemiology studies among titanium dioxide workers in the US and in Europe did not demonstrate an elevated lung cancer risk, and did not suggest an association between occupational exposure to titanium dioxide and risk for cancer. The titanium dioxide contained in this product is embedded, and generation of airborne nano-sized titanium dioxide particles is not expected.

Skin Sensitization Potential: This product contains an amount of Triazinetriethanol (THT) (CAS No. 4719-04-4) that is within the approved EPA regulated limits. THT can act as a sensitizer. Numerous human studies with concentrations up to 1% yielded negative (no sensitization) results. However, some results showed positive reactions in concentrations <0.5% mostly in persons with eczema.

Ethylene glycol: This product contains a small amount of ethylene glycol, which has been shown to cause kidney damage in animal studies via repeated oral exposure (ingestion). However, such exposures are not expected to occur during normal use of this product. If ingested, call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.

Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

NFPA ratings

Health: 1

Flammability: 0

Instability: 0

NFPA ratings**List of abbreviations**

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.
NFPA: National Fire Protection Association.

References

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)
HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity
Torben et al. (2001). Environmental and Health Assessment of Substances in Household Detergents and Cosmetic Products.

Disclaimer

This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.